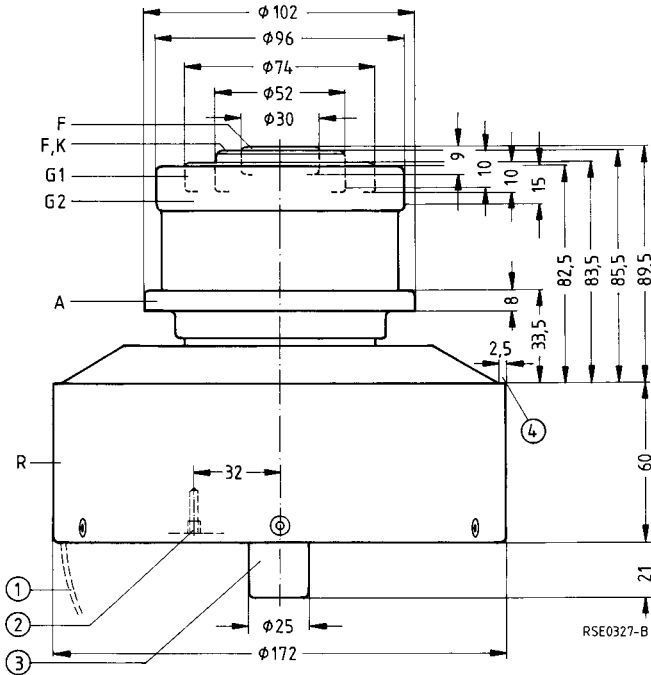


For transmitters, band III

Ordering code Q51-X2026

Coaxial metal-ceramic-tetrode, forced-air-cooled, for frequencies up to 300 MHz, particularly suitable for TV transmitters in grounded control-grid circuit.



Dimensions in mm

- ① Handle, swingable
- ② Taphole for tube fuse RöSich7
- ③ Do not use as terminal
- ④ Free for anode support

Approx. weight 6,7 kg

The radiator and the terminals are of concentric design with the following diameters:

Radiator	Ø 173,5	Control grid terminal	Ø 75,0
Anode terminal	Ø 103,0	Heater/cathode terminal	Ø 52,6
Screen grid terminal	Ø 97,0	Heater terminal	Ø 30,6

Heating

Heater voltage	U_F	9,5	V
Heater current	I_F	≈ 86	A
Heating: direct			
Cathode: thoriated tungsten			

Characteristics

Emission current at $U_A = U_{G2} = U_{G1} = 300\text{ V}$	I_{em}	35	A
Amplification factor of screen grid at $U_A = 2\text{ kV}$, $U_{G2A} = 600\text{ to }1000\text{ V}$, $I_A = 3\text{ A}$	μ_{g2g1}	7,4	
Transconductance at $U_A = 2\text{ kV}$, $U_{G2} = 800\text{ V}$, $I_A = 2,5\text{ to }3,5\text{ A}$	s	70	mA/V

Capacitances

Cathode/control grid	C_{kg1}	≈ 75	pF
Cathode/screen grid	C_{kg2}	≈ 5,9	pF
Cathode/anode	C_{ka}	≈ 0,08	pF 1)
Control grid/screen grid	C_{g1g2}	≈ 127	pF
Control grid/anode	C_{g1a}	≈ 0,77	pF 1)
Screen grid/anode	C_{g2a}	≈ 21	pF

Accessories

Ordering code

Socket wrench for tube fuse	RöZub09	Q81-X2109
Tube fuse	RöSich7	Q81-X1407
Pull switch for tube fuse	RöKt11	Q81-X1311
Cavity band III, 20 kW vision	TK4464	Q94-X4464
Spring-finger contacts:		
Internal cathode terminal		C65055-A815-C901
External cathode terminal		C65055-A815-C902
Control grid terminal		C65055-A815-C903
Screen grid terminal		C65055-A815-C904

1) Measured by means of a 30 cm diameter screening plate in the screen grid terminal plane.

**TV vision transmitter,
grounded control-grid screen-grid circuit, negative modulation**

Maximum ratings

Frequency	f	250	MHz
Anode voltage (dc)	U_A	7,0	kV ¹⁾
Screen grid voltage (dc)	U_{G2}	1000	V ¹⁾
Control grid voltage (dc)	U_{G1}	– 250	V
Cathode current (dc)	I_K	8,0	A
Peak cathode current	I_{KM}	35	A
Anode dissipation	P_A	16	kW
Screen grid dissipation	P_{G2}	150	W
Control grid dissipation	P_{G1}	50	W

Operating characteristics

Frequency	f	220	MHz
Bandwidth (– 3 dB)	B	10	MHz ²⁾
Bandwidth (– 1,2 dB)	B	5,6	MHz ²⁾
Output power, sync. level	P_{2SY}	22 + 0,65 ³⁾	kW ⁴⁾⁸⁾
Output power, black level	P_{2SW}	12,3 + 0,36 ³⁾	kW ⁴⁾⁵⁾
Anode voltage (dc)	U_A	6,5	kV ¹⁾
Screen grid voltage (dc)	U_{G2}	850	V ¹⁾
Control grid voltage (dc)	U_{G1}	– 95	V ⁶⁾
Peak control grid voltage (ac), sync. level	U_{g1mSY}	160	V
Anode current (dc), black level	I_{ASW}	4,1	A ⁵⁾
Screen grid current (dc), black level	I_{G2SW}	130	mA ⁵⁾
Control grid current (dc), black level	I_{G1SW}	70	mA ⁵⁾
Anode input power, black level	P_{BASW}	26,6	kW ⁵⁾
Drive power, sync. level	P_{1SY}	14 + 650 ³⁾	W ⁷⁾
Anode dissipation, black level	P_{ASW}	14,3	kW ⁵⁾
Screen grid dissipation, black level	P_{G2SW}	100	W ⁵⁾
Control grid dissipation, black level	P_{G1SW}	5	W ⁵⁾
Anode load resistance	R_A	700	Ω

1) Voltage measurement based on cathode.

2) Bandwidth calculated from tube capacitance c_{g2a} .

3) Power transition of grounded grid circuit.

4) Circuit losses are not included.

5) Black level with gated sync. pulses.

6) For zero signal dc anode current $I_{A0} = 1,6$ A.

7) Output power required from driver stage.

8) 5 % compression of the sync. pulse can be expected. Linearity of color subcarrier $\geq 0,9$.

Tube mounting

Axis vertical, anode up or down.

The cavity TK 4464 is available for tube operation in TV band III (accessories).

Maximum tube surface temperature

The temperature of the metal-ceramic seals must not exceed 220 °C at any point and the temperature of the internal cathode terminal must not exceed 250 °C. These requirements can be met without additional cooling of the terminals if an appropriate air duct and sufficient space between the individual contact springs is provided so that enough cooling air can pass through.

Forced-air cooling

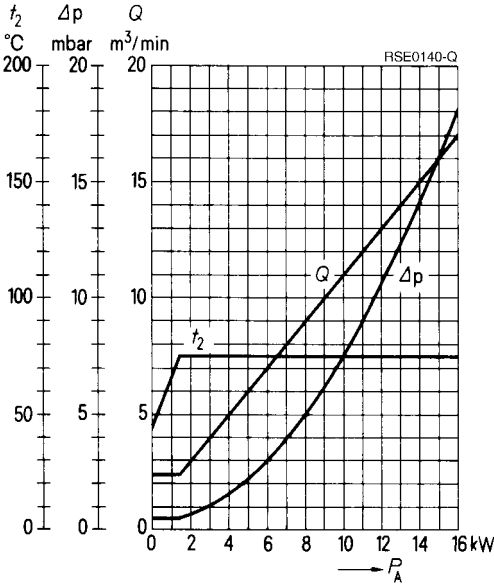
The minimum air flow rate required for maximum anode dissipation is given in the cooling air diagram valid for 25 ° inlet temperature at a normal air pressure of 1 bar (sea level). The cooling air must be supplied from the side of the electrode terminals. For further information on forced-air cooling refer to "Explanations on Technical Data".

Safety precautions

The section "Safety precautions" under "Explanations on Technical Data" describes how the tube is to be protected against damage due to electric overload or insufficient cooling. A copper wire with 0,20 mm diameter should be used to test the anode overcurrent trip circuit.

For protection against thermal anode overload the tube fuse R6Sich7 is recommended. In conjunction with pull switch R6Kt11 it disconnects the voltages at the tube in case of overload (accessories).

Cooling air diagram

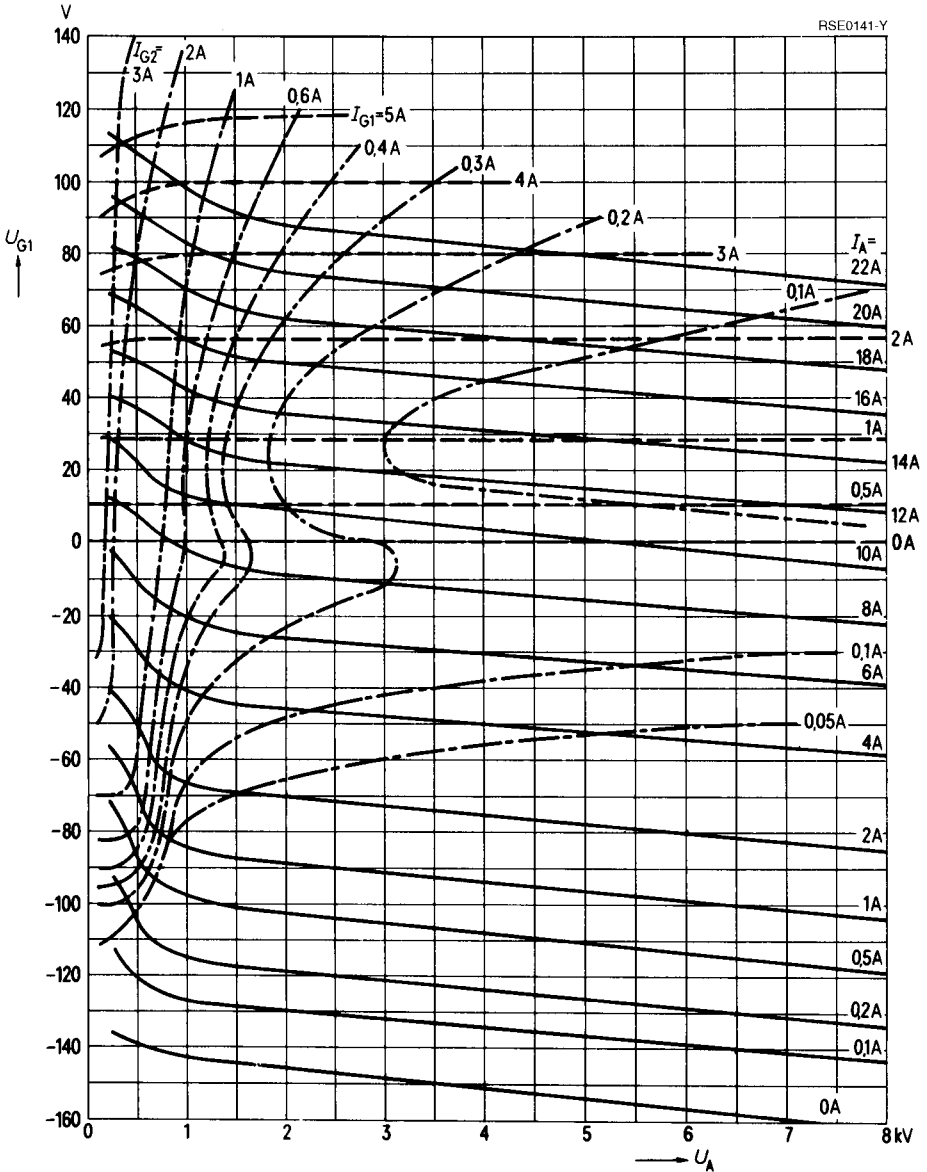


The cooling air is supplied from the electrode terminal side.

Air pressure = 1 bar

$t_1 = 25^\circ\text{C}$

$U_{G1} = f(U_A)$
 $U_{G2} = 800 \text{ V}$
 Parameter = I_A _____
 Parameter = I_{G2} - - - - -
 Parameter = I_{G1} - - - - -



$U_{G1} = f(U_A)$
 $U_{G2} = 1000 \text{ V}$
 Parameter = I_A _____
 Parameter = I_{G2}
 Parameter = I_{G1} - - - - -

RSE0142-7

