

RELIABLE HARD GLASS MEDIUM MU TWIN TRIODE

(For Pulse Application)

DESCRIPTION

This miniature medium-mu twin triode is one of Bendix Red Bank * reliable vacuum tubes specifically designed for Pulse applications in missiles, aircraft and other military and industrial installations. Freedom from early failures, long average service life and uniform operating characteristics are considered prime requisites for such tubes. In addition to a 45-hour run-in under various overload, vibration and shock conditions, likely to be encountered in service, each tube is tested for its Pulse capabilities under maximum grid-drive and duty-cycle conditions.

Since this tube is designed for use in equipment with high ambient temperatures and where high levels of vibration and shock are encountered, special materials and manufacturing techniques are employed. The hard glass bulb and Tungsten stem seal construction are features found on many high-powered transmitting tubes. Careful exhaust to a high degree of vacuum, with complete out-gassing of all the elements by means of electron bombardment, as well as the usual induction heating, insures maximum life expectancy. These factors, as well as a conservative design center for cathode temperature, permit operation of the 6900 at bulb temperatures up to 300° Centigrade.

The use of ceramic spacers eliminates one of the most common sources of tube failure, which is the evolution of gas from other less costly materials, such as mica. Moreover, ceramic spacers contribute to a much sturdier structure with the use of multi-pillar supports locked together by 12 welded eyelets. Special alloy snubbers, which maintain the mount in position, retain their spring properties at high temperatures, resulting in a structure resistant to shock accelerations as high as 500 G. The rugged pure Tungsten heater is supported in a high density aluminum oxide insulator which permits operation at high Heater-Cathode voltages.

*Registered Trademark.

CHART 1. RATINGS *

| | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Heater Voltage—(AC or DC)** | 6.3 volts |
| Heater Current | 1.00 amp. |
| Plate Voltage—(max.) | 600 volts |
| Max. Peak Cathode Current*** | 4.5 amps. |
| Max. Plate Dissipation (per plate) | 4.25 watts |
| Max. Peak Grid Voltage | ±100 volts |
| Max. Heater-Cathode Voltage | 100 ±500 volts |
| Max. Grid Resistance | 1.0 megohm |
| Warm-up Time | 45 sec. |

(Plate and heater voltage may be applied simultaneously)

*To obtain greatest life expectancy from tube, avoid designs where the tube is subject to all maximum ratings simultaneously.

**Voltage should not fluctuate more than ±5%.

***See Chart 5.

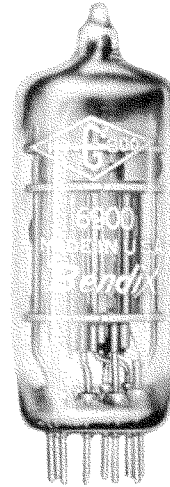


CHART 2. MECHANICAL DATA

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Base | 9 Pin Miniature Nonex Glass— Gold Plated Pins |
| Bulb | Nonex Glass—T6 1/2 |
| Max. Overall Length | 2 5/8" |
| Max. Seated Height | 1 1/8" Nom |
| Max. Diameter | 7/8" |
| Mounting Position | any |
| Max. Altitude | 80,000 feet |
| Max. Bulb Temperature | 300°C |
| Max. Impact Shock | 500 G |
| Max. Vibrational Acceleration | 50 G |
| | (100 hour shock excited fatigue test, sample basis) |
| Life Expectancy | 5,000 hrs. |

CHART 3. PULSE TEST CONDITIONS AND AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| Heater Voltage | 6.3 volts |
| Heater Current | 1.00 amp. |
| Plate Voltage | 500 volts |
| Grid Pulse | +50 volts |
| Grid Voltage | -100 volts |
| *Plate Current | 4.25 amps. |
| *Grid Current | .25 amp. |
| Pulse Time | 10 μ sec. |
| Pulse Repetition Rate | 250 pp sec. |

*Both sections paralleled (Chart 10)

THE *Bendix* CORPORATION

Red Bank DIVISION, EATONTOWN, NEW JERSEY



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND TEST DATA

CHART 4. TEST CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS LIMITS

All Tubes are Stabilized for 45 Hours Under Test Conditions and
 2 G Vibration at 30 Cps. Prior to 100 % Testing

Heater voltage, E_f 6.3 volts
 Plate voltage, E_b 120 volts
 Grid voltage, E_c -2.0 volts

| CHARACTERISTIC | SYMBOL | MIN. | DESIGN CENTER | MAX. | UNITS |
|---|----------------------|------|---------------|-------|-----------------------|
| PRODUCTION TESTS | | | | | |
| Heater Current | I_f | .950 | 1.000 | 1.050 | A |
| Heater-Cathode Leakage | I_{hk} | — | — | 25 | μ A _{dc} |
| Grid Current | I_{c1} | — | — | 1.0 | μ A _{dc} |
| Plate Current | I_b | 25 | 36 | 47 | mA _{dc} |
| Transconductance (1) | S_m | 8000 | 11500 | 15000 | μ mos |
| Transconductance (2) $E_c = 5.7$ | $\blacktriangle S_m$ | — | — | 15 | % |
| Short and Continuity | | | | | |
| DESIGN TESTS | | | | | |
| Insulation of Electrodes | | | | | |
| E_{g1} -all = -100 Vdc | R | 100 | — | — | meg |
| E_p -all = -300 Vdc | R | 100 | — | — | meg |
| Cut Off Plate Current | | | | | |
| $E_{c1} = -25$ Vdc $E_b = 300$ | I_b | — | — | 2000 | μ A _{dc} |
| $E_{c1} = -55$ Vdc $E_b = 500$ | I_b | 5 | — | 500 | μ A _{dc} |
| Accelerated Grid Current ($E_f = 7.0$ V) | I_{c1} | — | — | 5.0 | μ A _{dc} |
| Primary Plate Emission ($E_b = 195$ Vdc) | I_b | — | — | 25 | μ A _{dc} |
| Amplification Factor | MU | 16.0 | 18.5 | 21.0 | |
| Vibration Noise Output | | | | | |
| $E_{bb} = 120$ Vdc | Ep | — | — | 500 | mVac |
| $E_{c1} = -2$ Vdc | Ep | — | — | 500 | mVac |
| $R_p = 2000$ | Ep | — | — | 500 | mVac |
| Swept Frequency = 60-500~ | Ep | — | — | 500 | mVac |
| Constant Acceleration = 2.5 G | Ep | — | — | 500 | mVac |
| Capacitance (without shield) | | | | | |
| C_{g1-p} | Cg1-p | 2.8 | — | 5.2 | $\mu\mu$ f |
| C_{in} | Cin | 5.0 | — | 8.0 | $\mu\mu$ f |
| C_{out1} | Cout ₁ | 0.62 | — | 0.98 | $\mu\mu$ f |
| C_{out2} | Cout ₂ | 0.45 | — | 0.77 | $\mu\mu$ f |
| CHK | CHK | 2.0 | — | 4.0 | $\mu\mu$ f |

CHART 6. ADDITIONAL TESTS

In addition to the production and design tests shown in Chart 3 other tests are performed on a sampling basis to assure a high outgoing quality level. See below.

| TEST | CONDITIONS | DURATION |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Heater Cycling Life Test | On 1 Min. Off 4 Min. $E_f = 7.5$ Ehk = 300 | 2,000 On-Off Cycles |
| Life Test | Under "Pulse Test Conditions" | 500 Hours |
| Life "Expectancy" Test | Under "Pulse Test Conditions" | 5,000 Hours |
| High Level Fatigue Test | 2.5 G 60-500 Cycles Swept Frequency | 96 Hours |
| Shock | 500 G | 20 Impacts |
| Altitude Test | 80,000 Feet | 5 Minutes |
| Glass Strain Test | Boiling Water to Ice Water | 15 Seconds in Each |
| Mount Inspection | 100% Test—Microscopic Inspection of 30 Possible Trouble Points | |

CHART 7.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS

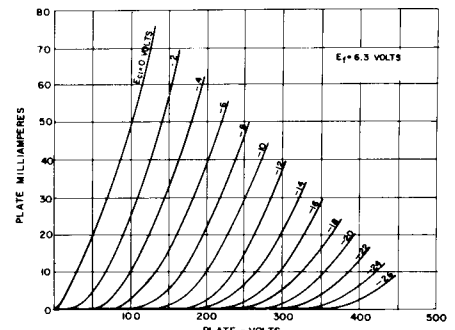
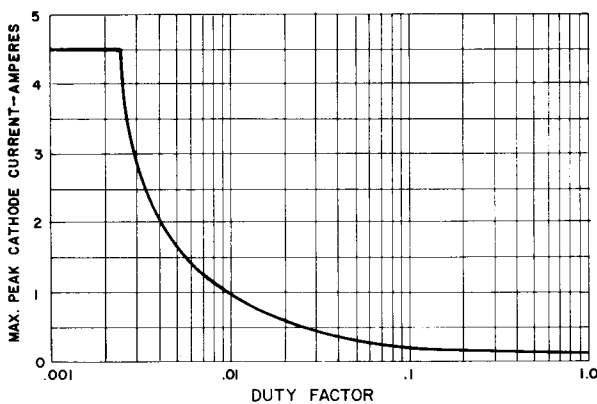


CHART 5. PULSE RATING



DUTY FACTOR (10,000 MICROSECOND AVERAGING TIME) FOR THE 6900 IS DEFINED AS THE RATIO OF "ON" TIME IN MICROSECONDS TO 10,000 MICROSECONDS.

ON TIME IS DEFINED AS THE SUM OF THE DURATION OF ALL INDIVIDUAL PULSES WHICH OCCUR DURING ANY 10,000 MICROSECOND INTERVAL.

CHART 8.

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS (PULSE)

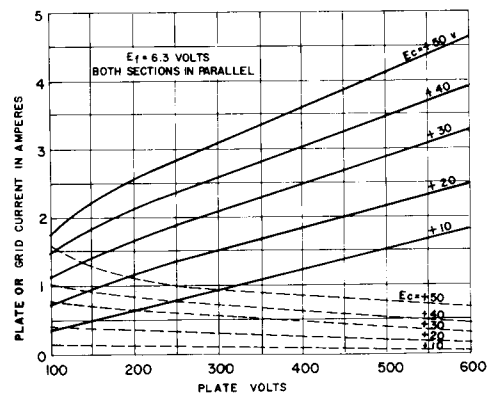




CHART 9.

EFFECT ON LIFE OF INCREASED RATINGS (PULSE)

| RATING OR CHARACTERISTICS | OPERATING CONDITIONS | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | CONSERVATIVE | TYPICAL | MAXIMUM |
| Heater Voltage | 6.3 V ± 2% | 6.3 V ± 5% | 6.3 V ± 10% |
| Plate Voltage | 400 Vdc | 500 Vdc | 600 Vdc |
| Plate Current (Av.)* | 10 mA | 11 mA | 14 mA |
| Plate Dissipation* | 4.0 W | 5.5 W | 8.5 W |
| H-K Voltage | 200 V | 350 V | 500 V |
| Grid Resistance | 25,000 ohms | 75,000 ohms | 100,000 ohms |
| Bulb Temperature | 200°C | 250°C | 300°C |
| Altitude | 0-20,000' | 60,000' | 80,000' |
| Vibration | 2 G | 5 G | 10 G |
| LIFE EXPECTANCY | MAXIMUM | HIGH | MEDIUM |

*See Chart 5.

APPLICATION NOTES

Special attention should be given to the temperatures at which the tubes are to be operated. Reliability will be seriously impaired if maximum bulb temperature is exceeded. The life expectancy will be reduced if conditions other than those specified for life test are imposed on the tube and will be reduced appreciably if absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Both reliability and performance will be jeopardized if filament voltage ratings are exceeded. Life and reliability of performance are directly related to the degree that regulation of the heater voltage is maintained at its center rated value.

This tube is constructed using nonex glass and thus can withstand higher ambient temperatures in operation. However, the bulb temperature should never exceed 300°C at its hottest point and cooling should be employed if necessitated by the additive effects of operation at high altitudes and high dissipation simultaneously or by other sources of heat in the equipment.

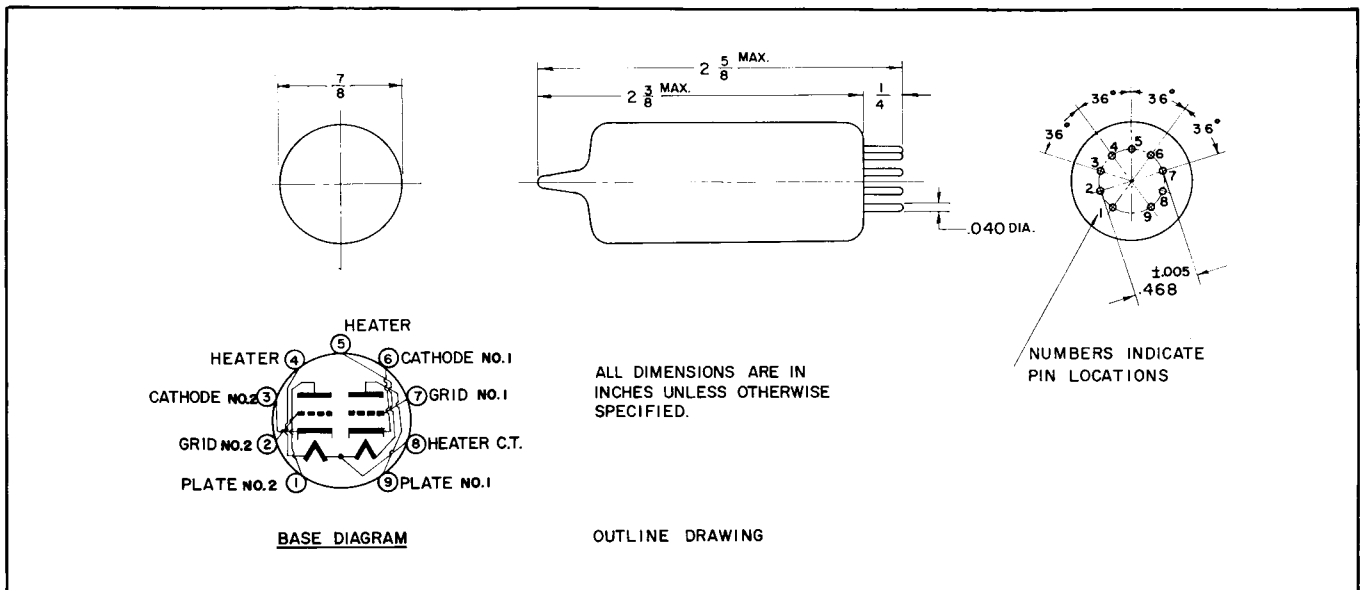
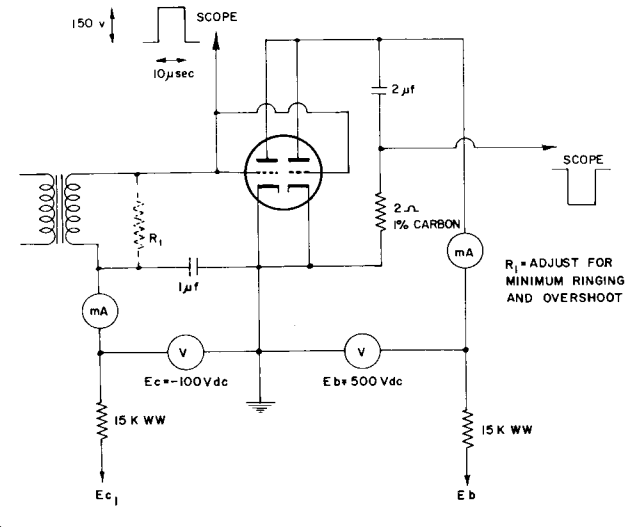
The plate voltage rating and high-perveance of the 6900 make it readily adaptable to varied pulse applications. In order to insure maximum reliability in pulse service the peak cathode current should not exceed the value shown in Chart 5 for the required duty factor.

Chart 9 is presented to emphasize the dangers of operating simultaneously at or near all maxima. In general, the effect on life of operation at increased ratings is additive and cumulative. Interpolation within this chart will give the designer a general idea of the life expectancy and reliability of his application. Each proposed application should be life tested under maximum environmental conditions in order to check that the design gives the desired reliability. When conservatively used this tube has a life expectancy of 5,000 hours.

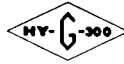
Chart 10 shows a typical Pulse Test circuit in which every 6900 is tested before shipment. Special exhaust procedures and cathode activation bring the relatively dense emission coating to a high degree of activity to maintain cathode currents under Pulse conditions with practically no "slump" during the life of the tube. The Bendix 6900 can be used with the confident expectation of superior performance in every application now using the 5687.

CHART 10.

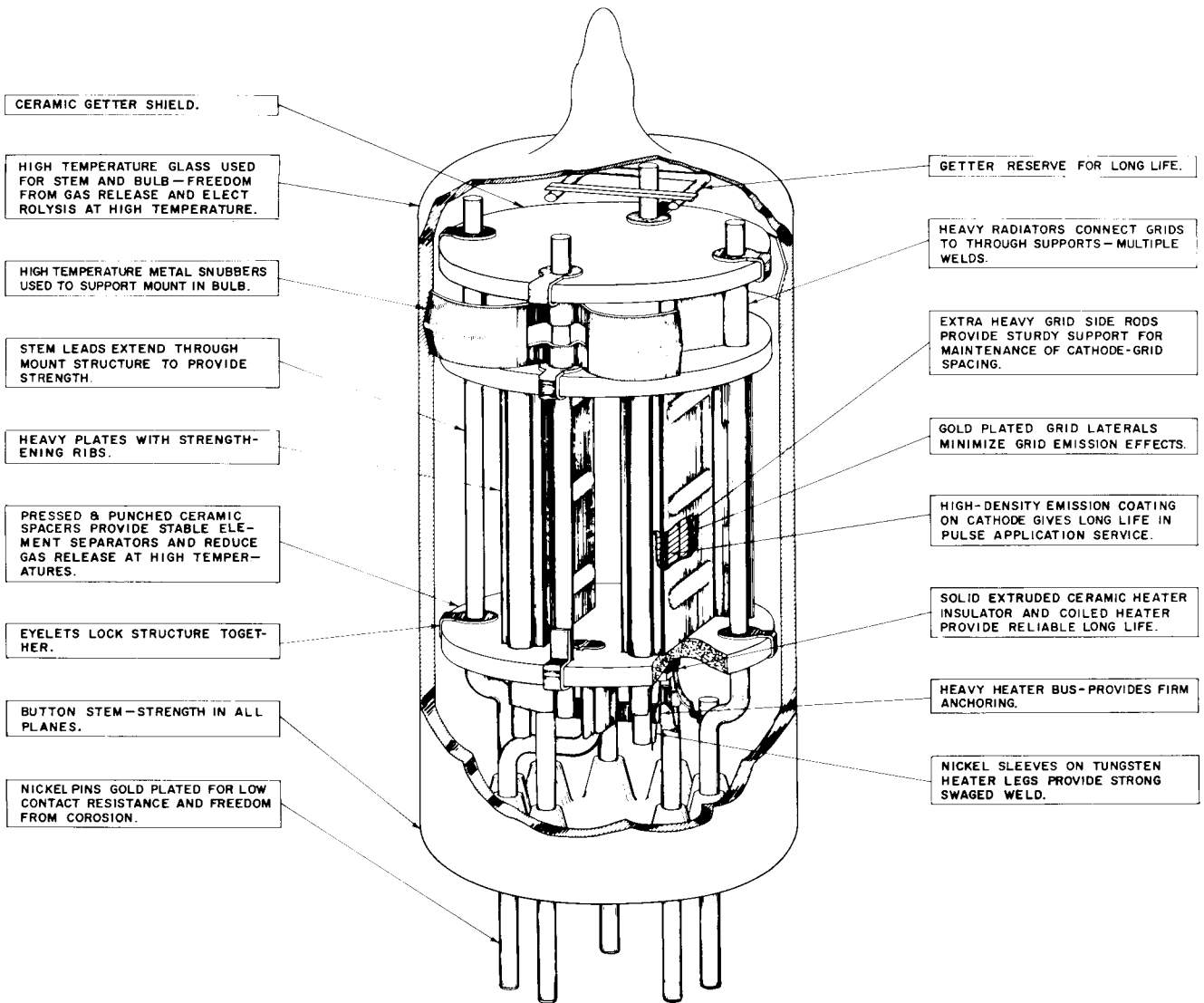
PULSE TEST CIRCUIT



RELIABLE MEDIUM MU TWIN TRIODE



6900
Bendix Type TE-54
(Generic Type 5687)



STRUCTURAL FEATURES OF 6900 PROVIDE HIGH RELIABILITY AND LONG LIFE.

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