



# Pentode Type ACPT8

HF POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR

**General.** A transmitting pentode fitted with a thoriated tungsten filament and a copper anode which is cooled by means of a radiator.

The valve is designed to give a large output at high frequencies, having a permissible anode dissipation of 750 W and giving useful output down to 9 metres. With forced air cooling the anode dissipation may be increased to 1.1 kW. At this rating the volume of air required is 10 cu. ft. per minute at a pressure equal to 3-in. head of water.

In view of the low suppressor volts required for anode current cut-off, this valve is very suitable for suppressor modulation.

The screen and control grids are aligned, giving high overall efficiency.

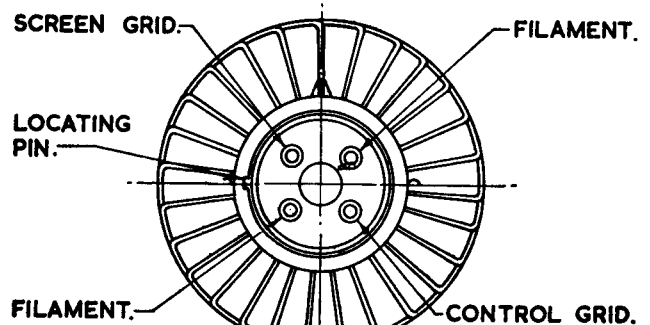
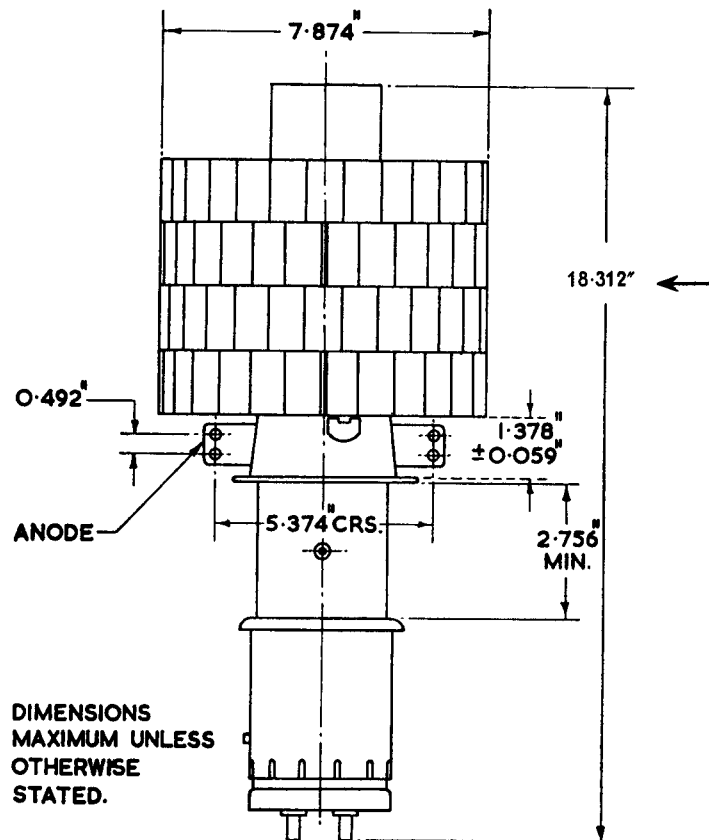
The figures quoted for maximum permissible ratings are only applicable for use at wavelengths down to 15 metres. At shorter wavelengths the maximum permissible anode voltage and input must be reduced to the following percentage of the quoted figures:

For operation down to 13 metres	85%
For operation down to 11.5 metres	70%
For operation down to 10.5 metres	60%
For operation down to 9.5 metres	50%

## APPROXIMATE DATA

$V_f$	11	V
$I_f$	16	A
$g_m^*$ (taken at $V_a$ 4,500, $V_{g2}$ 800, $p_a$ 750 W)	6.5	mA/V
$g_m^*$ (taken at $\frac{1}{2} I_e$ pk)	10	mA/V
$I_e^*$ (pk)	4.25	A
$C_{a-g1}$	0.1	pF
$C_{in}$	65	pF
$C_{out}$	26	pF

\* No attempt must be made to measure these figures statically.



WEIGHT 10.5 lb. (4.8 kg)

MARCONI'S WIRELESS TELEGRAPH COMPANY LIMITED

Chelmsford, Essex, England. Telephone: Chelmsford 3221. Telex: 1953. Telegrams: Expanse Chelmsford Telex

**(1) HF POWER AMPLIFIER  
AND OSCILLATOR  
CLASS C TELEGRAPHY**

*(Unmodulated, one valve, key down conditions)*

*Maximum permissible ratings*

$V_a$		4,500	V
$I_a$		600	mA
$P_{in}$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_{g3} + 80 \text{ V} \\ V_{g3} \quad 0 \text{ V} \end{array} \right.$	2.5	kW
		2.2	kW
$I_{g1}$		100	mA
$V_{g2}$		800	V
$P_{g2}$		100	W
$P_a$		750	W

**Typical Operation**

$V_a$	4,500	4,500	3,500	2,500	V
$I_a$	550	475	380	330	mA
$V_{g2}$	800	500	500	500	V
$I_{g2}$	120	180	160	160	mA
$P_{g2}$	96	90	80	80	W
$V_{g3}$	+80	0	0	0	V
$V_{g1}$	-250	-200	-200	-200	V
$I_{g1}$	60	90	80	80	mA
$R_{g1-k}$	4,000	2,200	2,500	2,500	$\Omega$
$V_{g1} \text{ (pk)}$	400	400	350	350	V
$P_{dr} \text{ (b)}$	40	50	40	40	W
$Z_a$	3,600	4,000	4,000	3,200	$\Omega$
$p_a$	700	650	380	275	W
$P_{out}$	1,800	1,500	950	550	W

**(2) HF POWER AMPLIFIER  
CLASS C**

*(Grid modulated, one valve, carrier conditions, permissible modulation 100%)*

*Maximum permissible ratings*

$V_a$		4,500	V
$I_a$		300	mA
$P_{in}$		1.15	kW
$I_{g1}$		100	mA
$V_{g2}$		800	V
$P_{g2}$		100	W
$P_a$		750	W

**Typical Operation**

$V_a$		4,500	3,500	V
$I_a$		225	210	mA

$V_{g2}$	800	800	V
$I_{g2}$	20	20	mA
$P_{g2}$	16	16	W
$V_{g3}$	0	0	V
$V_{g1}$	-160	-155	V
$I_{g1}$	5	5	mA
$V_{g1} \text{ (pk)}$	185	170	V
$P_{dr} \text{ (b) (c)}$	10	10	W
$v_{pk} \text{ (mod) (d)}$	80	80	V
$P_{mod} \text{ (d)}$	2.5	2.5	W
$Z_a \text{ (mod)}$	2,500	2,500	$\Omega$
$Z_a$	4,500	4,000	$\Omega$
$p_a$	650	500	W
$P_{out}$	350	240	W

**(3) HF POWER AMPLIFIER  
CLASS C**

*(Anode modulated, one valve, carrier conditions, permissible modulation 100%)*

*Maximum permissible ratings*

$V_a$		3,500	V
$I_a$		350	mA
$P_{in}$		1.2	kW
$I_{g1}$		100	mA
$V_{g2}$		800	V
$P_{g2}$		100	W
$P_a$		500	W

**Typical Operation**

$V_a$	3,500	2,500	V
$I_a$	300	265	mA
$V_{g2}$	500	500	V
$R_{g2}$	30,000	20,000	$\Omega$
$I_{g2}$	90	95	mA
$P_{g2}$	45	47.5	W
$V_{g3}$	0	0	V
$V_{g1}$	-100	-90	V
$I_{g1} \text{ (b)}$	48	45	mA
$v_{g1} \text{ (pk)}$	190	190	V
$P_{dr} \text{ (b)}$	14	14	W
$P_{mod} \text{ (d)}$	680	400	W
$Z_a \text{ (mod)}$	9,000	8,000	$\Omega$
$Z_a$	5,500	4,500	$\Omega$
$p_a$	350	190	W
$P_{out}$	700	450	W

**(4) HF POWER AMPLIFIER***(Suppressor modulated, one valve, carrier conditions, permissible modulation 100%)**Maximum permissible ratings*

$V_a$	4,500	V
$I_a$	250	mA
$P_{1n}$	1.12	kW
$I_{g1}$	100	mA
$V_{g2}$	800	V
$P_{g2}$	100	W
$p_a$	750	W

**Typical Operation**

$V_a$	4,500	4,500	V
$I_a$	200	200	mA
$V_{g2}$	500	(a)	V
$I_{g2}$	180	120	mA
$P_{g2}$	90	90	W
$V_{g3}$	-160	-135	V
$V_{g1}$	-120	-120	V
$I_{g1}$ (b)	95	45	mA
$V_{g1}$ (pk)	250	230	V
$P_{dr}$ (b)	30	15	W
$v_{pk}$ (mod) (d)	160	135	V
$P_{mod}$ (d)	Negligible	Negligible	
$Z_a$	5,500	5,500	$\Omega$
$p_a$	600	580	W
$P_{out}$	300	320	W

**(5) HF POWER AMPLIFIER****CLASS B TELEPHONY***(One valve, carrier conditions, permissible modulation 100%)**Maximum permissible ratings*

$V_a$	4,500	V
$I_a$	300	mA
$P_{1n}$	1.1	kW
$V_{g2}$	800	V
$P_{g2}$	100	W
$p_a$	750	W

**Typical Operation**

$V_a$	4,500	3,500	V
$I_a$	240	240	mA
$V_{g2}$	800	800	V
$I_{g2}$	20	20	mA
$P_{g2}$	16	16	W
$V_{g3}$	0	0	V
$V_{g1}$	-85	-85	V
$I_{g1}$ (b)	1	1.5	mA
$V_{g1}$ (pk)	85	85	V
$P_{dr}$ (b) (c)	5	6	W
$Z_a$	4,750	4,000	$\Omega$
$p_a$	740	580	W
$P_{out}$	340	250	W

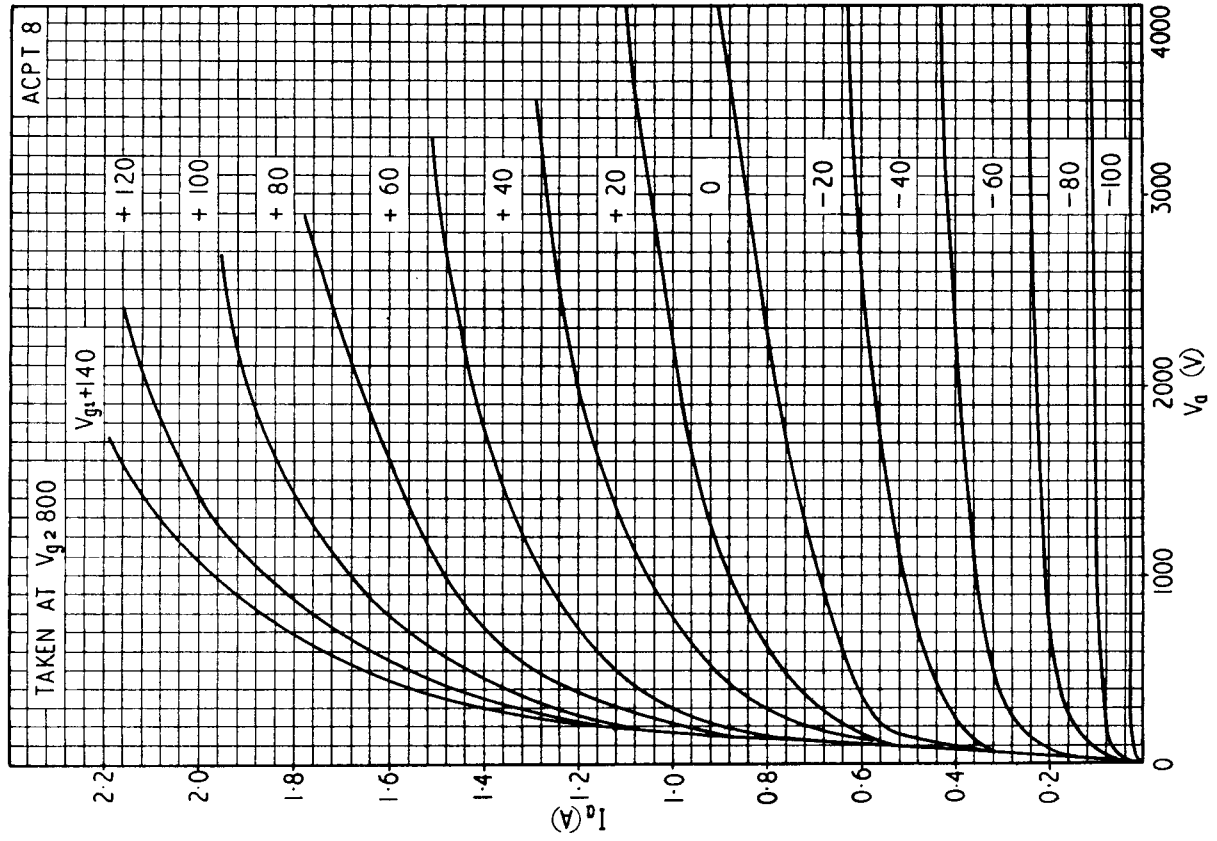
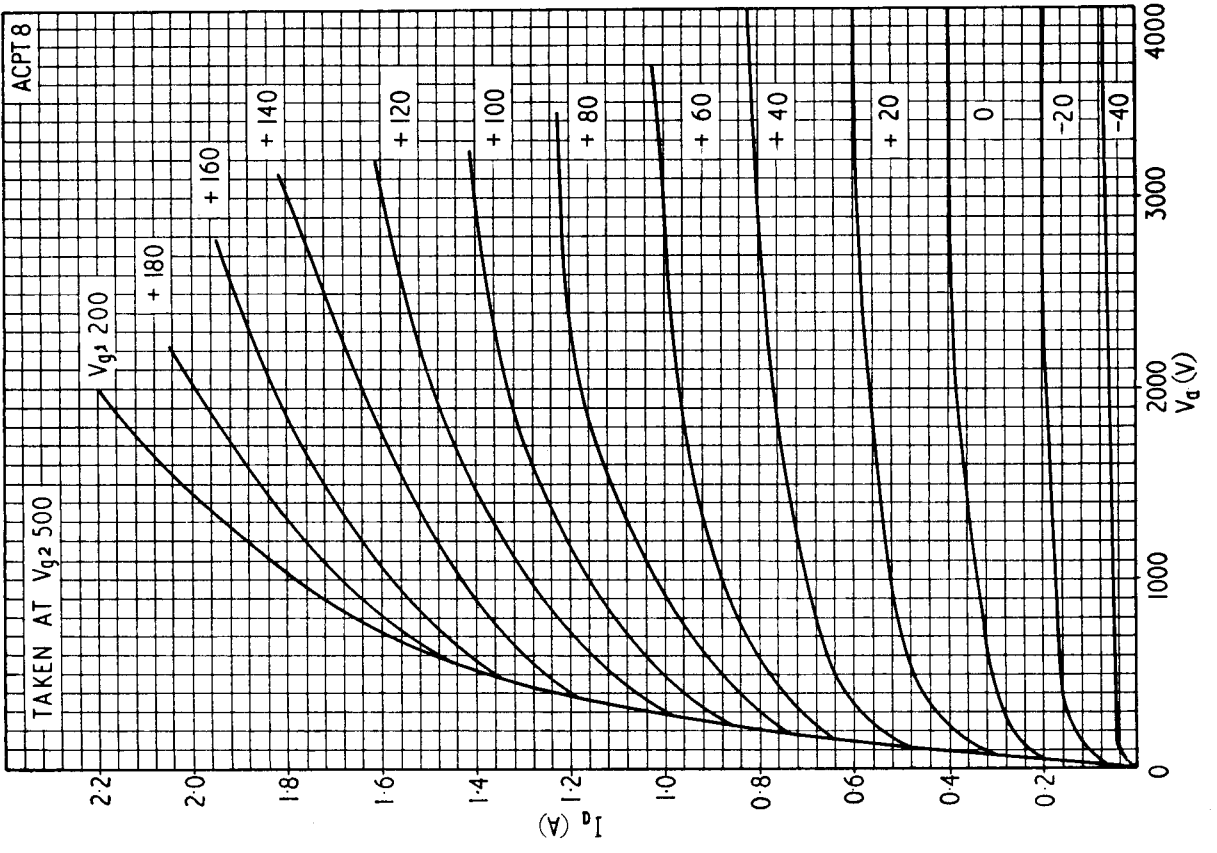
**NOTES**

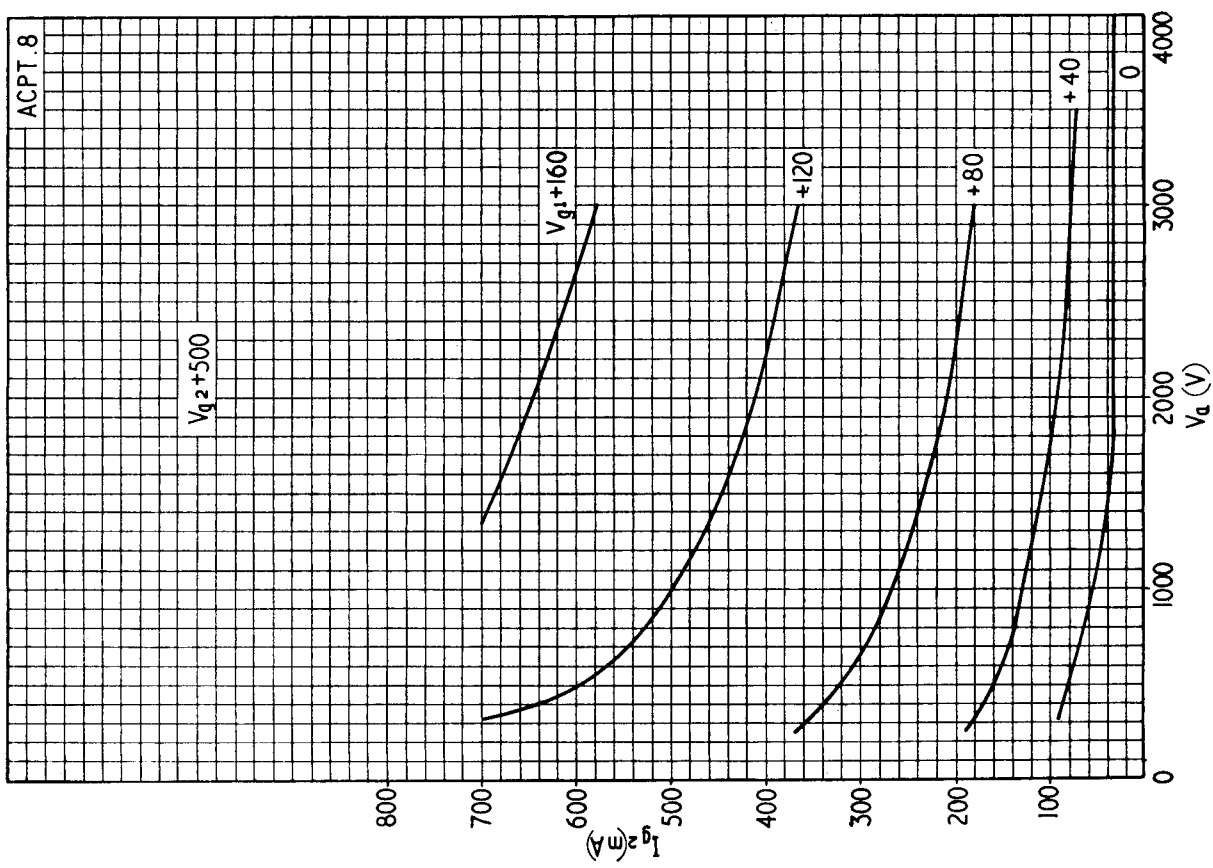
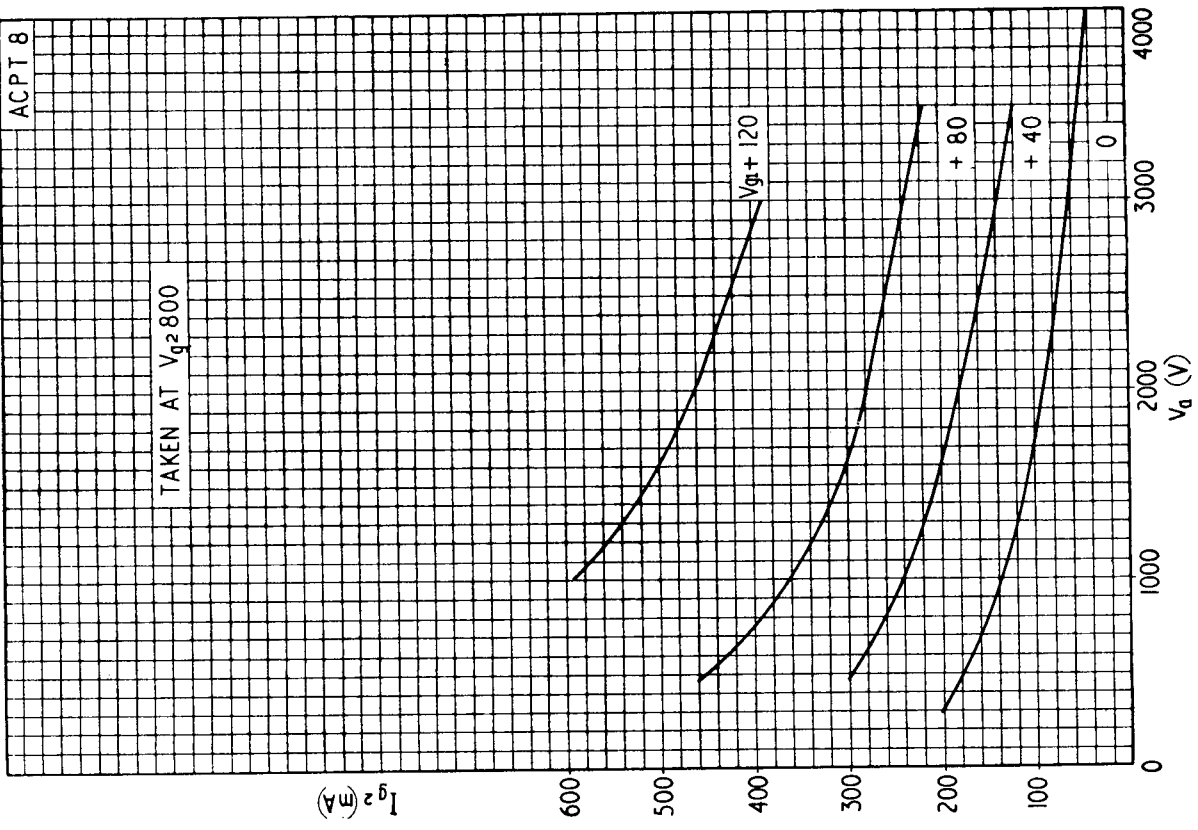
(a) Screen voltage obtained by means of a dropping resistance of 30,000  $\Omega$  from anode HT supply.

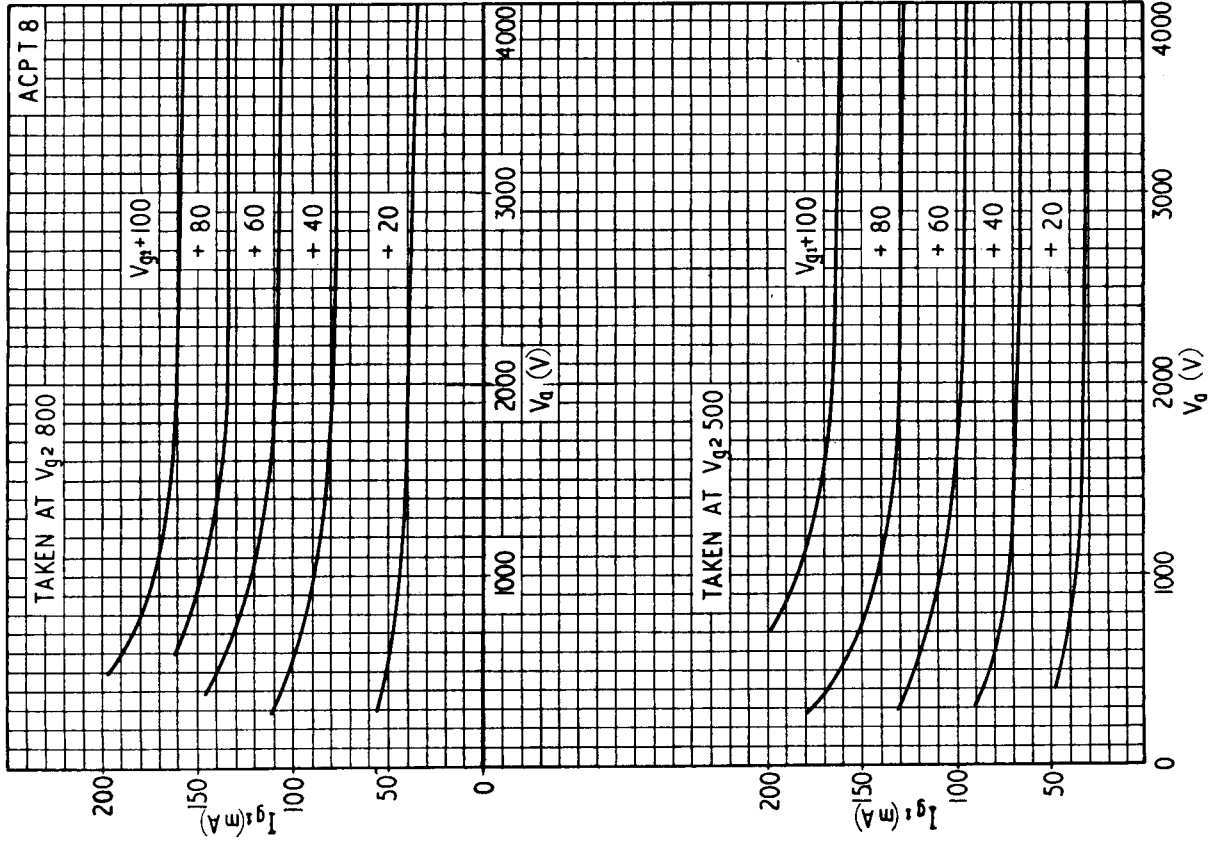
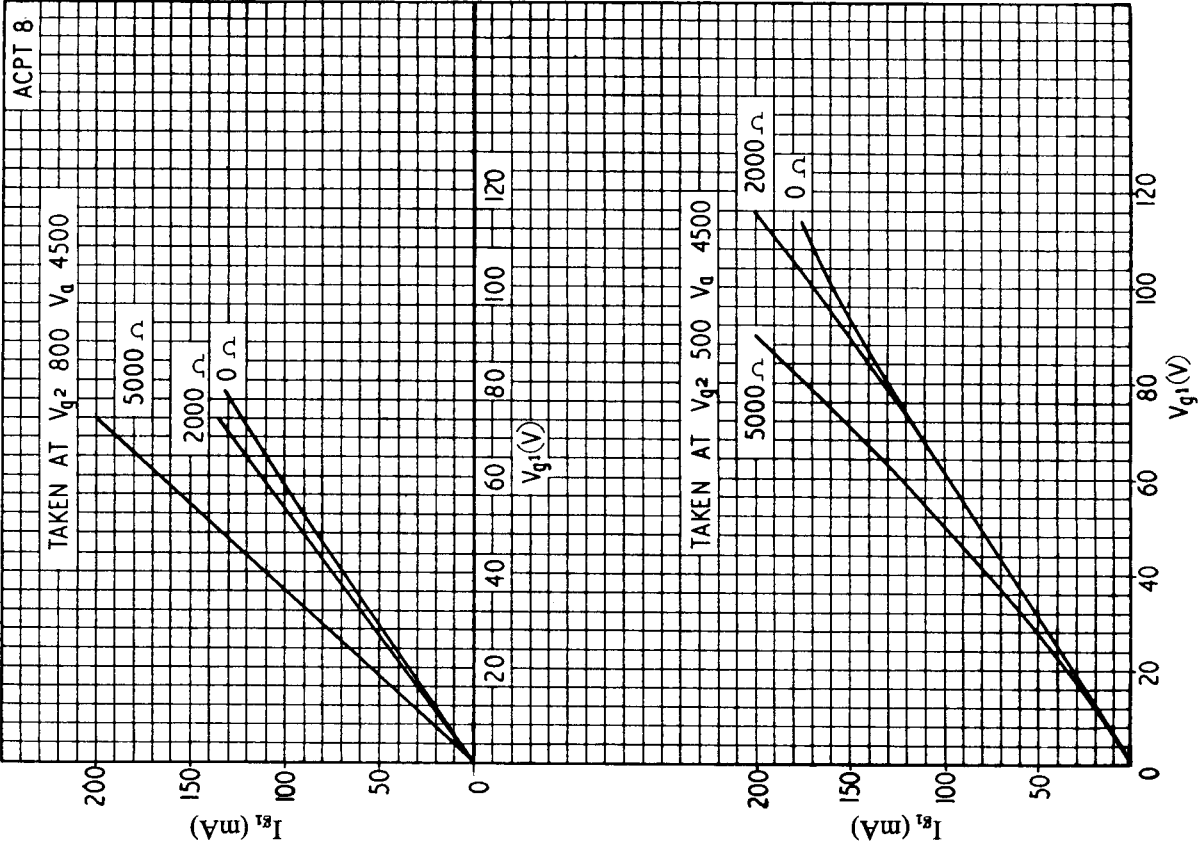
(b) Subject to wide variation. The figures are approximate only.

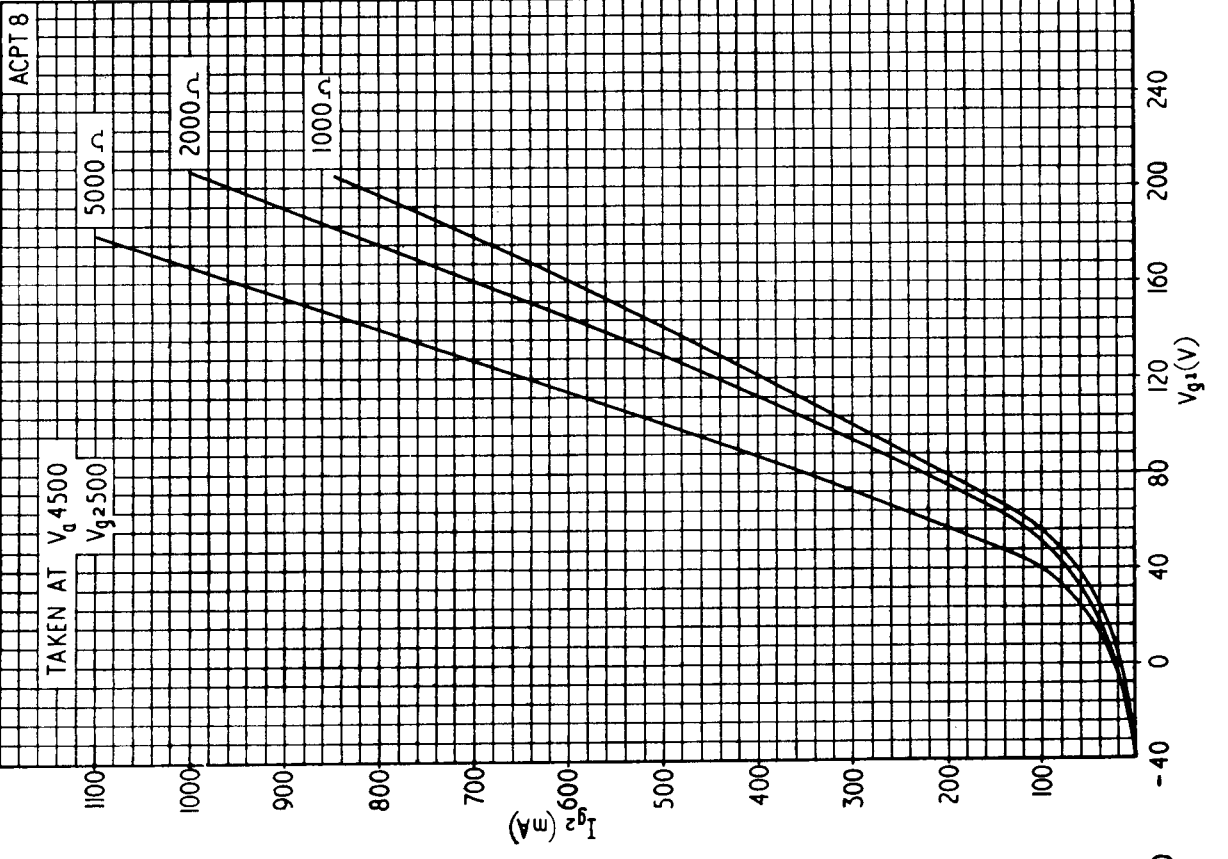
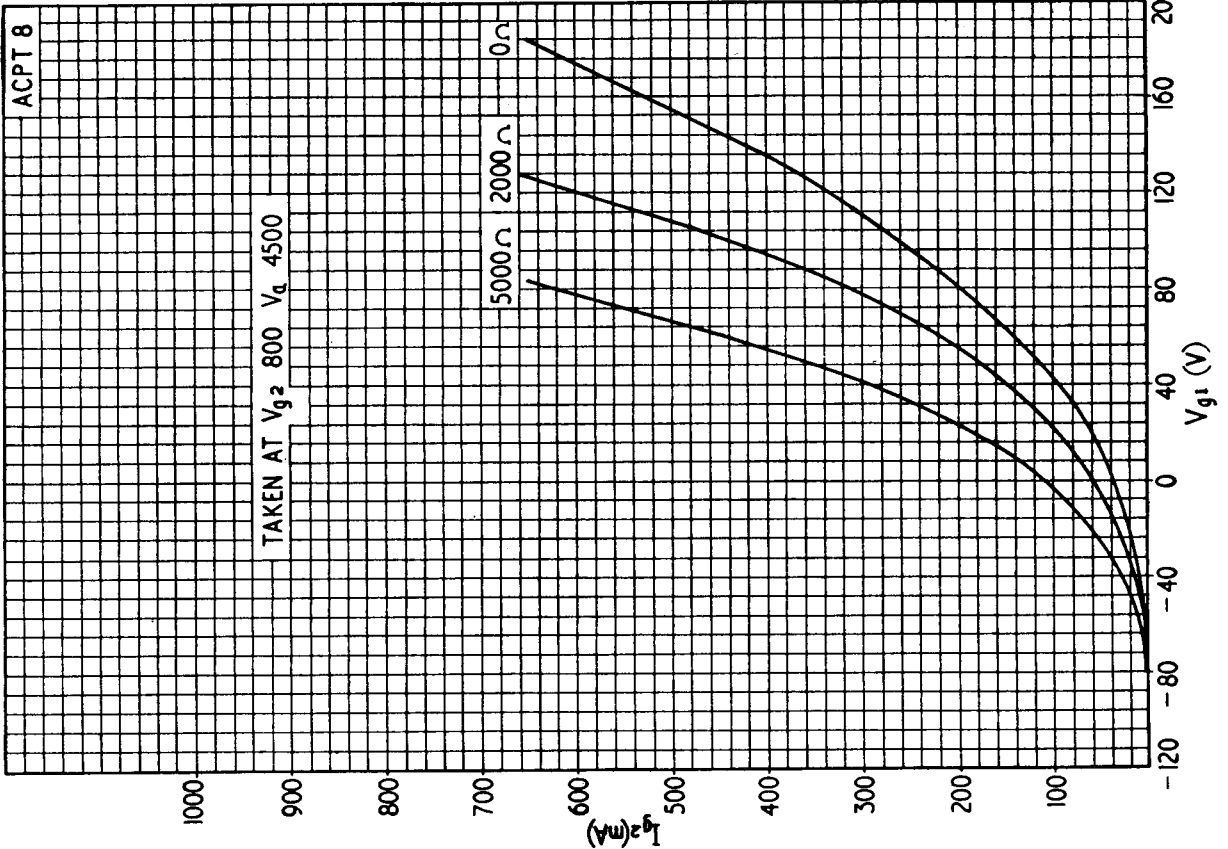
(c) At crest of audio cycle with 100% modulation.

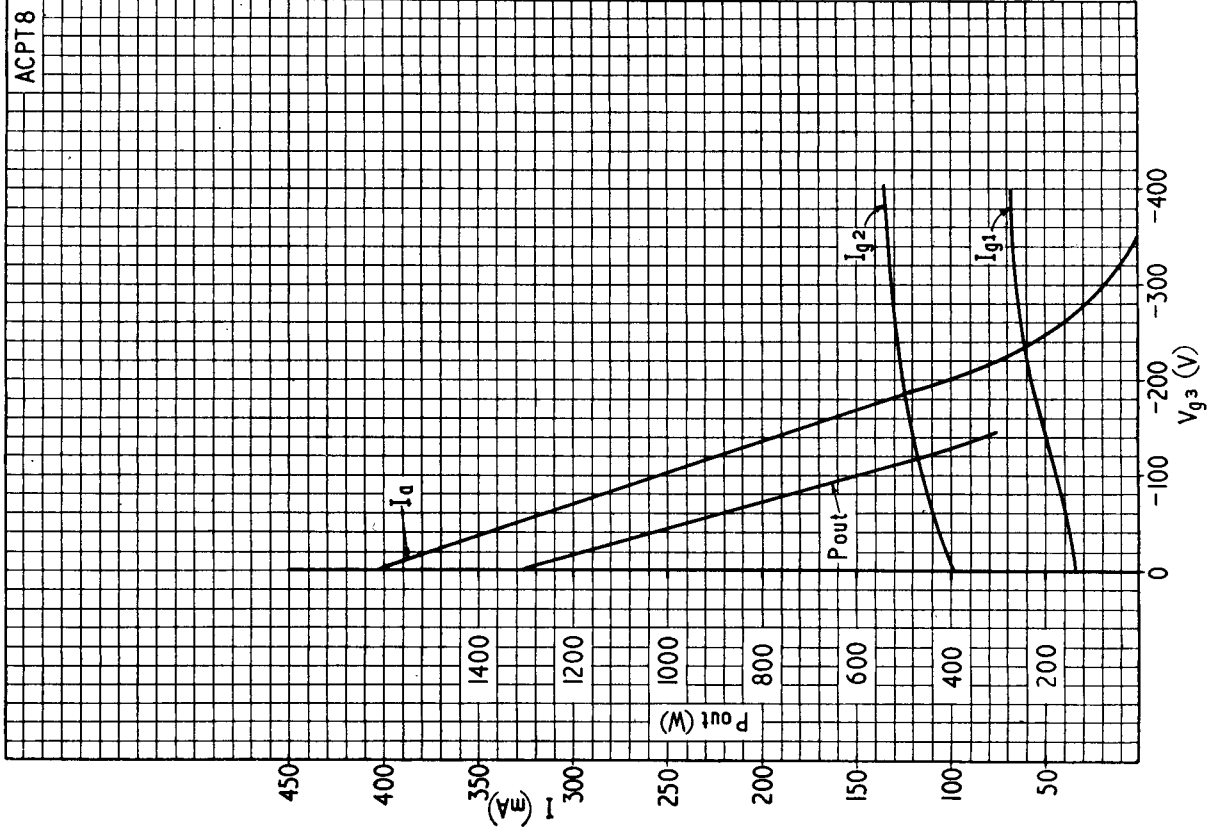
(d) 100% modulation.



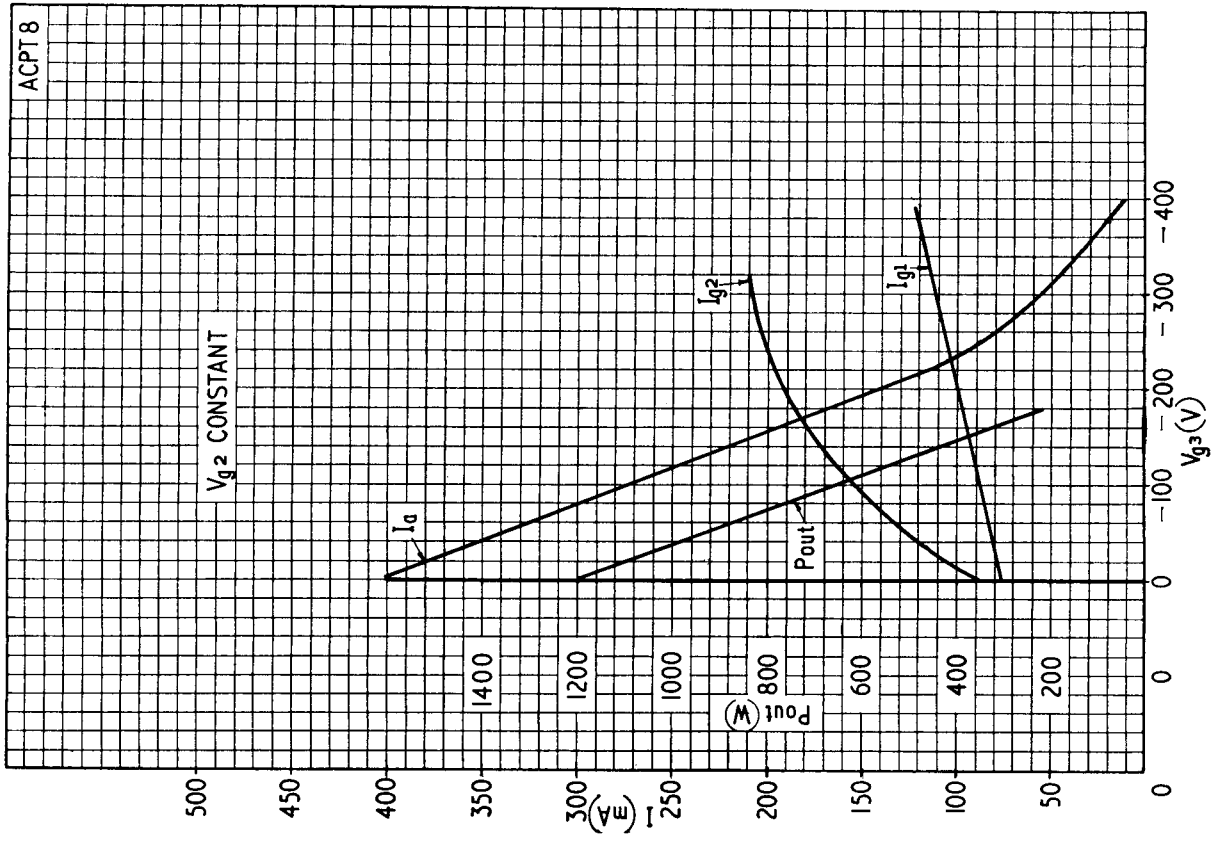






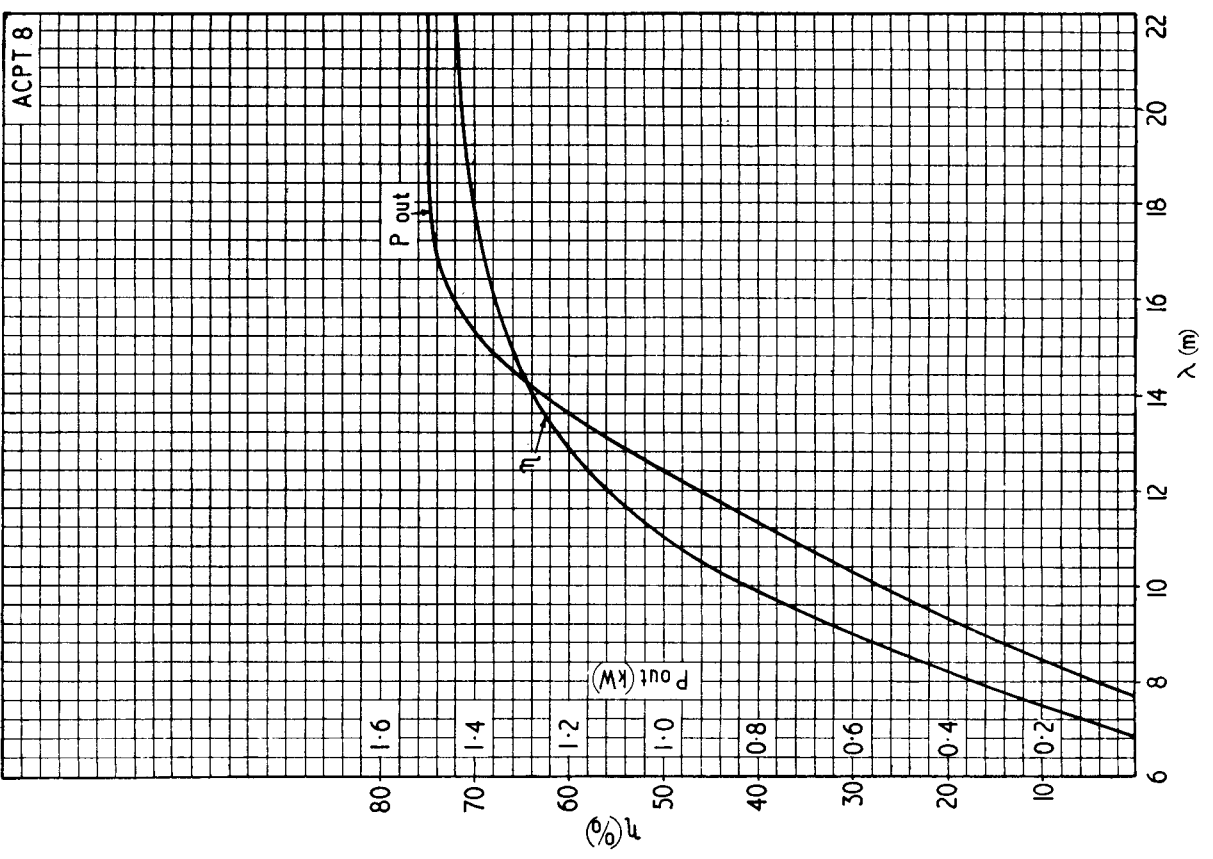
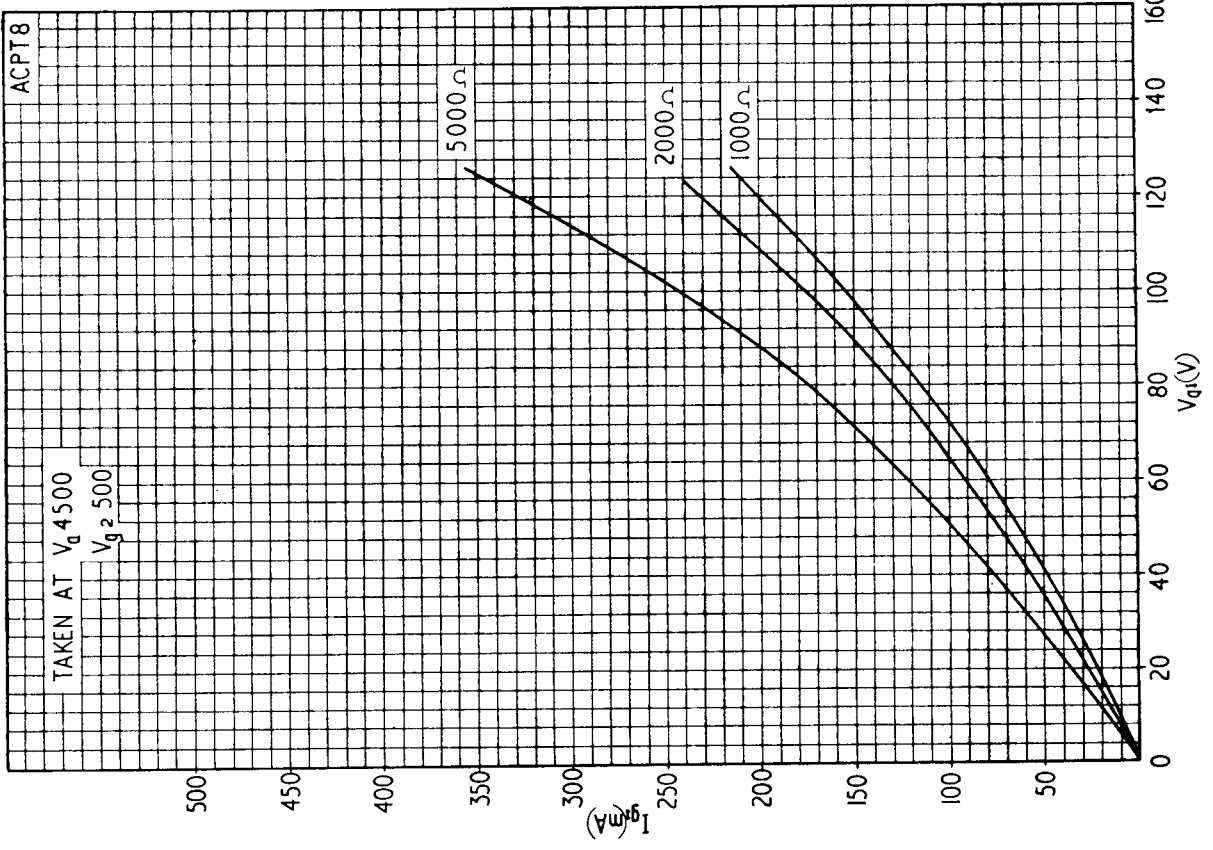


Taken at  $V_a$  4,500,  $V_{g1}$  -120,  $V_{g2}$  via 30k  $\Omega$  resistor.



Taken at  $V_a$  4,500,  $V_{g1}$  -120,  $V_{g2(pk)}$  250,  $V_{g2}$  constant.











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